

## Point slope form

So far, we know that a line can be written in the form:  $y = mx + b$

Another form exists called **“point-slope form”**

This form requires that you know: a **point (a, b)** and a **slope** 🤔 (shocking?)

Formula:  $y - b = m(x - a)$

1) Find the equation line passing thru the point (8, -4) with a slope of -4

**Answer:**  $y + 4 = -4(x - 8)$  Notice the point changes signs due to formula

2) Write the equation of a line passing thru the pts (6, -3) and (9, 7) in pt-slope form

$$m = \frac{7 - (-3)}{9 - 6} \text{ or } m = \frac{10}{3}$$

You can use either point

$$y + 3 = \frac{10}{3}(x - 6) \quad \text{or} \quad y - 7 = \frac{10}{3}(x - 9)$$

3) A line with slope  $\frac{-3}{11}$  passes thru the point (-99, 3). Write the equation in 2 different ways

pt-slope

$$y - 3 = \frac{-3}{11}(x + 99)$$

slope y-int form

$$y = \frac{-3}{11}x + b \quad \rightarrow \quad 3 = \frac{-3}{11}(-99) + b$$

$$3 = 27 + b$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{11}x - 24$$

Sketch the following

a)  $y - 3 = 4(x + 2)$

$m = 4$  point (-2, 3)

b)  $y + 5 = -\frac{1}{4}(x - 1)$

$m = -\frac{1}{4}$  point (1, -5)

c)  $y - 2 = -\frac{1}{2}(x + 4)$

$m = -\frac{1}{2}$  point (-4, 2)

d)  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 5$

y-int = 5  $m = -\frac{3}{4}$

